



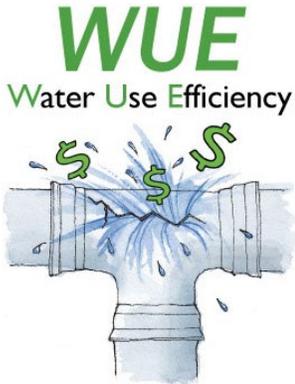
# Lake Cushman System 3 2021 Water Quality Report

## State ID# 03528F

Lake Cushman System 3 is pleased to present you with the annual Water Quality Report as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is a snapshot of last years' water quality, and the purpose is to provide you with details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies.

Safe drinking water is essential, and we are committed to informing you so that you are able to make personal health-based decisions regarding your drinking water consumption and become more involved in decisions which may affect your health. We hope you find this information helpful.

Active Service Connections:	<b>398</b>	Treatment:	<b>None Required</b>
Depth of Well #2 (SO1):	<b>225ft</b>	Susceptibility rating:	<b>Moderate</b>
Depth of Well #10 (SO2):	<b>164ft</b>	Susceptibility rating:	<b>Moderate</b>



Lake Cushman System 3 has set a Water Use Efficiency goal to reduce water consumption by .5% per year for 6 years. In 2021, our wells produced 13,795,400 gallons. We consumed 7,683,942 gallons. This puts our leak rate at 44%. We produced 24.6% more and consumed 10.2% more water than in 2020, and our leak rate increased by 7.2% percent. Note that a significant portion of leakage in 2020 was due to line breaks, and radio communication errors leading to overflow of the reservoirs. Please help us achieve our goal by using water wisely and conserving. If you suspect a leak, please notify us so that appropriate action can be taken.

### Contaminants in drinking water:

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water hotline (1-800-426-4791).

**Sources of drinking water** (both tap water and bottled water) can include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animal or human activity.

**Contaminants that may be present in source water include:**

**Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses, parasites, and bacteria that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, or wildlife.

**Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can occur naturally or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, and farming.

**Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from various sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.

**Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production. They can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems. Radioactive contaminants, which can occur naturally or result from oil and gas production and mining activities.



**Do I need to take special precautions?**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline: (800-426-4791).

**Source Protection Information:**

The Dept of Health Office of Drinking Water has compiled Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP) data for all community water systems in Washington. SWAP data for your system is available online at: <http://fortess.wa.gov/doh/eh/dw/swap/maps>

**Lead in Drinking Water:** If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Lake Cushman System 3 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or online at: <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>

For more information regarding your water, please call the Public Works office between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday – Friday at (360) 877-2728.

You may reach our main office between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday – Friday at (360) 877-5233

For emergencies, LCMC Security can be reached 24 hours per day / 7 days a week at (360) 877-5215.

*Board meetings are held the second Saturday and fourth Thursday of every month at the Lake Cushman Maintenance Company office at 3740 N Lake Cushman Rd, Hoodspport, WA 98548. The meetings start at 9:00 a.m. and are open to the LCMC membership. Check out our website at [www.LakeCushmanMC.com](http://www.LakeCushmanMC.com)*

# Water Quality Data

Your drinking water is regularly tested in accordance with all federal and state regulations for over 50 substances in both the water sources and throughout the distribution system. Consumer Confidence Report regulation requires contaminants that are detected within the last five years to be included in the report. In 2021, Lake Cushman System 3 conducted 120 tests for various water quality parameters. A summary of the key parameters is provided below.

**Your drinking water meets all applicable EPA and Dept of Health Standards!**

**Table 1: Primary Contaminants Detected in Your Drinking Water**

Primary Contaminants	Units	Year Tested	AL	90th Percentile	Sample Result	Samples >AL	Violation? (Y/N)	Major Sources in Drinking Water
Lead	ppb	2019	15	2	N/A	0 of 10	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper	ppm	2019	1.3	0.3	N/A	0 of 10	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	ppm	2021	10	N/A	Non-Detect	0 of 2	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaking from septic tanks; erosion of natural deposits
Radiological	Units	Year Tested	MCL	MCLG	Sample Result	Violation? (Y/N)		Major Sources in Drinking Water
Radium 228	pCi/L	2016	5	0	0.94	No		Erosion of natural deposits

**Table 2: Secondary Contaminants Detected in Your Drinking Water**

Secondary Contaminants	Units	Year Tested	SMCL	Sample Result	Violation?	Major Sources in Drinking Water
Hardness	ppm	2021	N/A	56.9	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Conductivity	Umhos/cm	2021	700	117	No	Substances that form natural deposits
Turbidity	NTU	2021	N/A	2.10	No	Soil Runoff

Note: In an effort to ensure the safest water possible the State has required us to monitor some contaminants not required by Federal regulations. Of those contaminants only the ones listed above were found in your water.

**Terms and Abbreviations used:**

**MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**MCLG (Maximum Contaminant Level Goal):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**AL (Action Level):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**SMCL (Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level):** These standards are developed as guidelines to protect the aesthetic qualities of drinking water and are not health based.

**MRDL (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**MRDLG (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Ppm:** Parts per million **Ppb:** Parts per billion

**N/A:** Not applicable

**UMhos/cm:** Measure of specific conductance

**NTU:** Nephelometric turbidity unity (measure of water clarity)